



# FORAGE FIRST®

## Quick Draw HSG Orchardgrass

- **Medium maturity variety**
- **Improved crown rust resistance**
- **Elevated sugar content for improved palatability**
- **Drought tolerant**

Quick Draw HSG orchardgrass was selected for its quick regrowth, superior yields, disease resistance and palatability. It has shown higher levels of water soluble carbohydrates than other orchardgrasses. This makes Quick Draw much more palatable and drought tolerant. It is well-adapted to the Midwest, Northwest and Northeast.

 **Elite Variety** symbols represent varieties in the Forage First® portfolio which demonstrate the highest industry standards in quality

**FORAGE FIRST® FACTOR:** La Crosse Seed works hard to bring varieties forward that exhibit strong disease resistance and tolerate the vigorous management schemes that many producers utilize. Maturity should be considered whether matching this grass with legumes or in a monoculture, as harvesting in the boot stage is the goal. Proper fertility and higher cutting/ grazing heights also aid in persistence.

### SEEDING RATES (LBS/ACRE)

MONOCULTURE	<b>15 - 25</b>	SEEDS/LB	<b>416,000</b>
MIX COMPONENT	<b>3 - 10</b>	DEPTH (IN)	<b>1/4 - 1/2</b>
		EMERGENCE (DAYS)	<b>7 - 21</b>

### SEED INFORMATION

### CHARACTERISTICS

ESTABLISHMENT	<b>MED</b>	PALATABILITY	<b>HIGH</b>
PERSISTENCE	<b>HIGH</b>	YIELD POTENTIAL	<b>MED-HIGH</b>
DROUGHT TOLERANCE	<b>HIGH</b>	GRAZING TOLERANCE	<b>HIGH</b>
WINTER HARDINESS	<b>HIGH</b>		

### PLANTING TIMES

SPRING PLANTING	<b>MAR - MAY</b>	LIFE CYCLE	<b>PERENNIAL</b>
FALL PLANTING	<b>AUG - SEP</b>		

### ADAPTATION

Orchardgrass is found from Canada to the Gulf Coast states and from the Atlantic coast to the Pacific coast. However, orchardgrass is not as winter-hardy as smooth brome or timothy. Orchardgrass performs well on different textured soils ranging from clay to gravelly loams and on shallow to deep soils. It does not grow well in saline soils and areas with high water tables. Orchardgrass has the ability to establish and persist in areas that receive as little as 11 inches of annual precipitation. It performs best in a pH range of 5.8 to 7.0.

### ESTABLISHMENT

A clean, firm, weed-free seedbed is recommended. Range and erosion control seedings should be made in the late fall or very early spring. Do not seed after the spring moisture period is well advanced or a failure may occur because of drought and hot summer conditions before the grass is well established. A deep furrow or range drill with press wheels may be used. Orchardgrass is easily established with grain drills at a rate of 8 to 12 lbs/ acre (16 to 24 lbs/acre broadcast). For range and critical area treatment a seeding rate of 3 to 4 lbs/acre is recommended (6 to 8 lbs/acre broadcast). Adjustments in seeding rate should be made when seeding in mixes, though seeding depth should never be more than 1/2 inches.

### ROTATIONAL GRAZING

BEGIN (IN)	<b>8 - 12</b>	AVERAGE DAYS REST	<b>15 - 30</b>
STOP (IN)	<b>4 - 6</b>		

### HARVEST MANAGEMENT

Cut boot to early head for first cut, then every 4 to 6 weeks thereafter.

Under irrigation and higher rainfall areas, orchardgrass should be cut at boot stage for the first cutting and then at 4 to 6 week intervals depending on regrowth. Rotational grazing is best for production, persistence and quality. Fields should be grazed heavily and frequently during the spring, but do not overgraze. Leave a 3 to 4 inch stubble so plants can recover quickly. Heavy grazing during the late fall should be avoided to prevent depletion of root reserves. Under dry land conditions, orchardgrass should not be grazed until late summer or fall of the second growing season. The plants may be severely damaged by overgrazing especially in the seedling year. Use no more than 60% of the annual growth during the winter season or 50% during the growing season. This plant responds well to rotational grazing systems. Orchardgrass responds to good fertility management. One strategy to even out forage production is to fertilize the stand after the first and second cutting or grazing to boost late spring and summer production.



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